

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

**Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): March 27, 2017

Phillips Edison Grocery Center REIT I, Inc.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland
(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation)

000-54691
(Commission
File Number)

27-1106076
(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

11501 Northlake Drive
Cincinnati, Ohio 45249
(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(513) 554-1110
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

Item 7.01. Regulation FD Disclosure.

As a reminder, Phillips Edison Grocery Center REIT I, Inc. (the “Company”) will provide a stockholder update presentation on Monday, March 27, 2017, on its website at www.grocerycenterreit1.com. A copy of the presentation is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K.

The information in this Current Report on Form 8-K, including Exhibit 99.1, is furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”), and shall not be deemed to be “filed” with the SEC for any purpose, including for the purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section and shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, regardless of any general incorporation language in such filing.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

Exhibit Number	Description of Exhibit
99.1	Stockholder Presentation, dated March 27, 2017

EXHIBIT INDEX

**Exhibit
Number**

Description of Exhibit

99.1 Stockholder Presentation, dated March 27, 2017



Phillips Edison Grocery Center REIT I, Inc. Year End 2016 Results

www.grocerycenterREIT1.com
DST: 888-518-8073
Griffin Capital Securities: 866-788-8614

Agenda

R. Mark Addy - President and COO

- Portfolio & Results
- Financials
- Share Repurchase Program

Forward-Looking Statement Disclosure

This presentation and the corresponding call may contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These statements include, but are not limited to, statements related to the Company's expectations regarding the performance of its business, its financial results, its liquidity and capital resources, the quality of the Company's portfolio of grocery anchored shopping centers and other non-historical statements. You can identify these forward-looking statements by the use of words such as "outlook," "believes," "expects," "potential," "continues," "may," "will," "should," "seeks," "approximately," "projects," "predicts," "intends," "plans," "estimates," "anticipates," or the negative version of these words or other comparable words. Such forward-looking statements are subject to various risks and uncertainties, such as the risks that retail conditions may adversely affect our base rent and, subsequently, our income, and that our properties consist primarily of retail properties and our performance, therefore, is linked to the market for retail space generally, as well as other risks described under the section entitled "Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, as such factors may be updated from time to time in the Company's periodic filings with the SEC, which are accessible on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. Accordingly, there are or will be important factors that could cause actual outcomes or results to differ materially from those indicated in these statements. These factors should not be construed as exhaustive and should be read in conjunction with the other cautionary statements that are included in this presentation, the corresponding call, and in the Company's filings with the SEC. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

Year End 2016 Portfolio Highlights

153 properties

28 states

24 leading grocery anchors

16.7 million square feet

95.6% leased occupancy

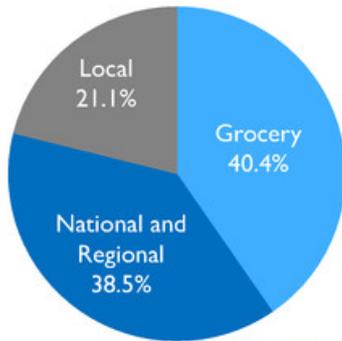
78.9% of rents from grocer,
national, and regional tenants



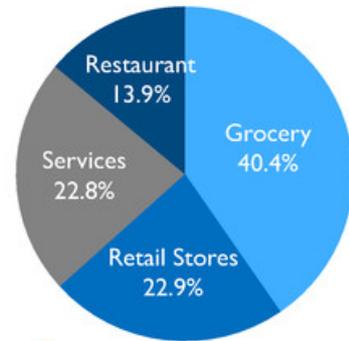
Information as of 12/31/2016.

Year End 2016 Portfolio Results

Annualized Base Rent by Tenant Type



Annualized Base Rent by Tenant Industry



Top 5 Grocers by % of Annualized Base Rent

Grocer	% of ABR	# of Locations
Kroger	8.5%	38
Publix	7.6%	31
Albertsons-Safeway	4.3%	14
Ahold Delhaize	4.2%	10
Giant Eagle	2.7%	7

We calculate annualized base rent as monthly contractual rent as of December 31, 2016, multiplied by 12 months.

Q4 2016 Acquisition Highlights

Name	Location	Grocer	GLA
Southern Palms	Tempe, AZ	Sprouts	257,979
Golden Eagle Village	Clermont, FL	Publix	64,050
Georgesville Square	Columbus, OH	Kroger	270,045



Southern Palms



Golden Eagle Village



Georgesville Square

2016 Financials

(in 000s)	Year Ended December 31,	
	2016	2015
Net Income Attributable to Stockholders	\$ 8,932	\$ 13,360
Funds from Operations (FFO)	108,782	113,357
Modified Funds from Operations (MFFO)	106,256	112,671

Adjusting for the change in asset management fee structure, 2016 net income would have increased by \$9.2M over the same period in 2015, while FFO would have increased by \$9.0M.

2016 Same-Center⁽¹⁾ Net Operating Income (NOI)

(in 000s)	Year Ended December 31,			
	2016	2015	\$ Change	% Change
Revenues:				
Rental income ⁽²⁾	\$ 164,622	\$ 160,515	\$ 4,107	
Tenant recovery income	56,142	53,737	2,405	
Other property income	773	1,111	(338)	
Total revenues	221,537	215,363	6,174	2.9%
Operating Expenses:				
Property operating expenses	36,784	35,049	1,735	
Real estate taxes	31,679	31,945	(266)	
Total operating expenses	68,463	66,994	1,469	2.2%
Total Same-Center NOI	\$ 153,074	\$ 148,369	\$ 4,705	3.2%

⁽¹⁾Represents 132 properties that we owned and operated prior to January 1, 2015, and are not in redevelopment.

⁽²⁾Excludes straight-line rental income, net amortization of above-and below-market leases, and lease buyout income.

Year End Debt Profile

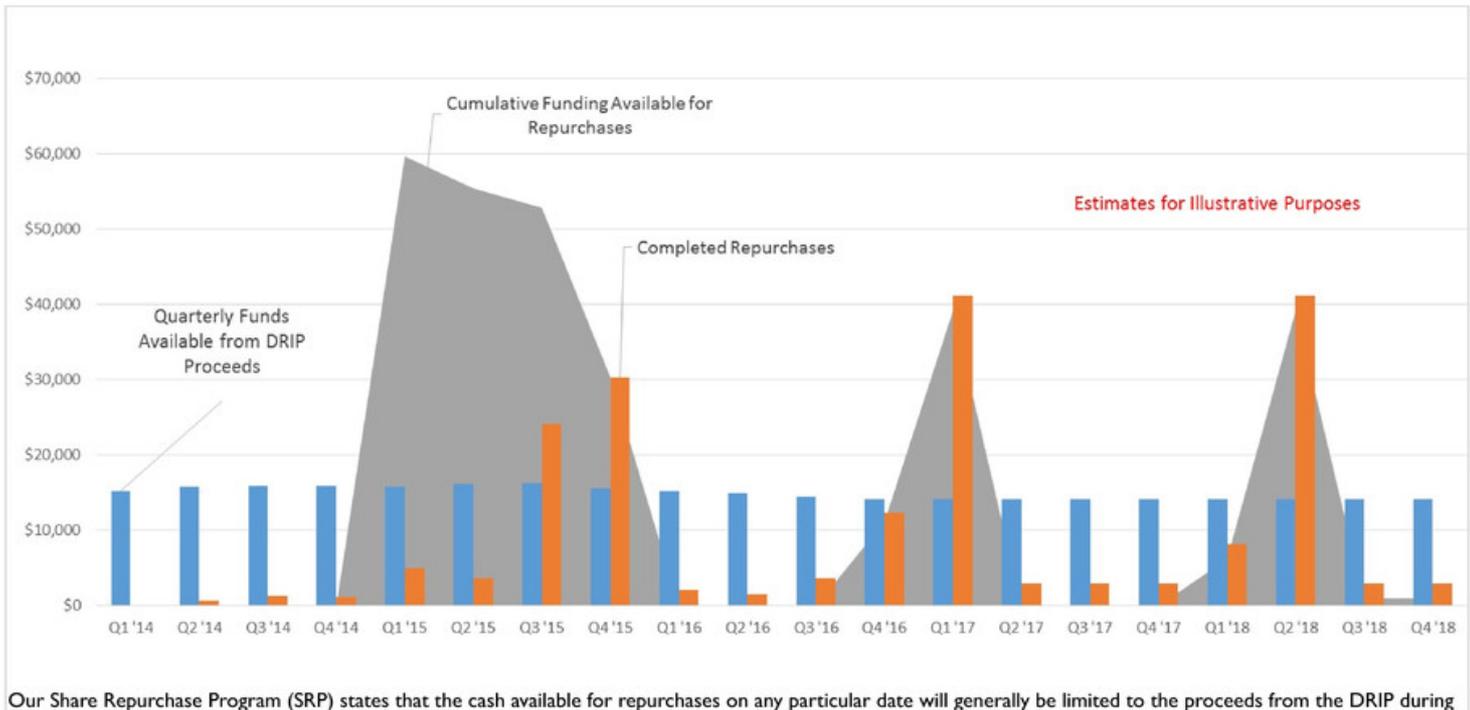


- Debt to Total Enterprise Value: 35.5%⁽¹⁾
- Weighted-Average Interest Rate: 3.0%
- Weighted-Average Years to Maturity: 4.0
- Fixed-Rate Debt: 82.1%⁽²⁾
- Variable-Rate Debt: 17.9%
- Includes a \$255 million variable-rate term loan subject to a forward starting interest rate swap effective July 2017. Excluding this swap, 58% of the Company's debt was fixed-rate.

⁽¹⁾Calculated as net debt (total debt, excluding below-market debt adjustments and deferred financing costs, less cash and cash equivalents) as a percentage of enterprise value (equity value, calculated as total common shares and OP units outstanding multiplied by the estimated value per share of \$10.20, plus net debt).

⁽²⁾Effective July 2017, an additional \$255 million of variable-rate debt will be fixed through an interest rate swap agreement. Excluding this debt that is subject to the forward interest rate swap, 58.0% of the Company's debt was fixed-rate debt.

Share Repurchase Program



Our Share Repurchase Program (SRP) states that the cash available for repurchases on any particular date will generally be limited to the proceeds from the DRIP during the preceding four fiscal quarters, less any cash already used for repurchases since the beginning of the same period; however, subject to the limitation described above, we may use other sources of cash at the discretion of the board of directors. In accordance with the SRP, shares will still be repurchased due to a stockholder's death, "qualifying disability," or "determination of incompetence."



Thank You

www.grocerycenterREIT1.com
DST: 888-518-8073
Griffin Capital Securities: 866-788-8614



Appendix

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financials

We present Same-Center NOI as a supplemental measure of our performance. We define NOI as total operating revenues, adjusted to exclude lease buy-out income and non-cash revenue items, less property operating expenses and real estate taxes. Same-Center NOI represents the NOI for the 132 properties that were owned and operational for the entire portion of both comparable reporting periods, except for those properties we currently classify as redevelopment. A property is removed from the Same-Center pool and classified as redevelopment when it is being repositioned in the market and such repositioning is expected to have a significant impact on property operating income. While there is judgment surrounding changes in designations, once a redevelopment property has stabilized, it is typically moved to the Same-Center pool the following year. Currently, we have identified five properties that we classify as redevelopment properties. We believe that NOI and Same-Center NOI provide useful information to our investors about our financial and operating performance because each provides a performance measure of the revenues and expenses directly involved in owning and operating real estate assets and provides a perspective not immediately apparent from net income. Because Same-Center NOI excludes the change in NOI from properties acquired after December 31, 2014, and those considered redevelopment properties, it highlights operating trends such as occupancy levels, rental rates, and operating costs on properties that were operational for both comparable periods. Other REITs may use different methodologies for calculating Same-Center NOI, and accordingly, our Same-Center NOI may not be comparable to other REITs.

Same-Center NOI should not be viewed as an alternative measure of our financial performance since it does not reflect the operations of our entire portfolio, nor does it reflect the impact of general and administrative expenses, acquisition expenses, depreciation and amortization, interest expense, other income, or the level of capital expenditures and leasing costs necessary to maintain the operating performance of our properties that could materially impact our results from operations.

The table below is a comparison of the Same-Center NOI for the year ended December 31, 2016, to the year ended December 31, 2015 (in thousands):

(in 000s)	2016	2015	\$ Change	% Change
Revenues:				
Rental income ⁽¹⁾	\$ 164,622	\$ 160,515	\$ 4,107	
Tenant recovery income	56,142	53,737	2,405	
Other property income	773	1,111	(338)	
	<u>221,537</u>	<u>215,363</u>	<u>6,174</u>	<u>2.9%</u>
Operating expenses:				
Property operating expenses	36,784	35,049	1,735	
Real estate taxes	31,679	31,945	(266)	
	<u>68,463</u>	<u>66,994</u>	<u>1,469</u>	<u>2.2%</u>
Total Same-Center NOI	<u>\$ 153,074</u>	<u>\$ 148,369</u>	<u>\$ 4,705</u>	<u>3.2%</u>

⁽¹⁾Excludes straight-line rental income, net amortization of above- and below-market leases, and lease buyout income.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financials

Below is a reconciliation of net income to NOI and Same-Center NOI for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 (in thousands):

	2016	2015 ⁽¹⁾
Net income	\$ 9,043	\$ 13,561
Adjusted to exclude:		
Lease buyout income	(583)	(6)
General and administrative expenses	31,804	15,829
Acquisition expenses	5,803	5,404
Depreciation and amortization	106,095	101,479
Interest expense, net	32,458	32,390
Other income, net	(5,990)	(248)
Net amortization of above- and below-market leases	(1,208)	(821)
Straight-line rental income	(3,512)	(4,571)
NOI	173,910	163,017
Less: NOI from centers excluded from Same-Center	(20,836)	(14,648)
Total Same-Center NOI	\$ 153,074	\$ 148,369

⁽¹⁾Certain prior period amounts have been restated to conform with current year presentation.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financials

Funds from Operations and Modified Funds from Operations

Funds from operations ("FFO") is a non-GAAP performance financial measure that is widely recognized as a measure of REIT operating performance. We use FFO as defined by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT") to be net income (loss), computed in accordance with GAAP excluding extraordinary items, as defined by GAAP, and gains (or losses) from sales of depreciable real estate property (including deemed sales and settlements of pre-existing relationships), plus depreciation and amortization on real estate assets and impairment charges, and after related adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships, joint ventures, and noncontrolling interests. We believe that FFO is helpful to our investors and our management as a measure of operating performance because, when compared year to year, it reflects the impact on operations from trends in occupancy rates, rental rates, operating costs, development activities, general and administrative expenses, and interest costs, which are not immediately apparent from net income.

Since the definition of FFO was promulgated by NAREIT, GAAP has expanded to include several new accounting pronouncements, such that management and many investors and analysts have considered the presentation of FFO alone to be insufficient. Accordingly, in addition to FFO, we use modified funds from operations ("MFFO"), which excludes from FFO the following items:

- acquisition fees and expenses;
- straight-line rent amounts, both income and expense;
- amortization of above- or below-market intangible lease assets and liabilities;
- amortization of discounts and premiums on debt investments;
- gains or losses from the early extinguishment of debt;
- gains or losses on the extinguishment of derivatives, except where the trading of such instruments is a fundamental attribute of our operations;
- gains or losses related to fair value adjustments for derivatives not qualifying for hedge accounting;
- losses related to the vesting of Class B units issued to PE-NTR and our previous advisor in connection with asset management services provided; and
- adjustments related to the above items for joint ventures and noncontrolling interests and unconsolidated entities in the application of equity accounting.

We believe that MFFO is helpful in assisting management and investors with the assessment of the sustainability of operating performance in future periods and, in particular, after our acquisition stage is complete, because MFFO excludes acquisition expenses that affect operations only in the period in which the property is acquired. Thus, MFFO provides helpful information relevant to evaluating our operating performance in periods in which there is no acquisition activity.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financials

Many of the adjustments in arriving at MFFO are not applicable to us. Nevertheless, as explained below, management's evaluation of our operating performance may also exclude items considered in the calculation of MFFO based on the following economic considerations.

- *Adjustments for straight-line rents and amortization of discounts and premiums on debt investments*—GAAP requires rental receipts and discounts and premiums on debt investments to be recognized using various systematic methodologies. This may result in income recognition that could be significantly different than underlying contract terms. By adjusting for these items, MFFO provides useful supplemental information on the realized economic impact of lease terms and debt investments and aligns results with management's analysis of operating performance. The adjustment to MFFO for straight-line rents, in particular, is made to reflect rent and lease payments from a GAAP accrual basis to a cash basis.
- *Adjustments for amortization of above- or below-market intangible lease assets*—Similar to depreciation and amortization of other real estate-related assets that are excluded from FFO, GAAP implicitly assumes that the value of intangibles diminishes ratably over the lease term and should be recognized in revenue. Since real estate values and market lease rates in the aggregate have historically risen or fallen with market conditions, and the intangible value is not adjusted to reflect these changes, management believes that by excluding these charges, MFFO provides useful supplemental information on the performance of the real estate.
- *Gains or losses related to fair value adjustments for derivatives not qualifying for hedge accounting*—This item relates to a fair value adjustment, which is based on the impact of current market fluctuations and underlying assessments of general market conditions and specific performance of the holding, which may not be directly attributable to current operating performance. As these gains or losses relate to underlying long-term assets and liabilities, management believes MFFO provides useful supplemental information by focusing on the changes in core operating fundamentals rather than changes that may reflect anticipated, but unknown, gains or losses.
- *Adjustment for gains or losses related to early extinguishment of derivatives and debt instruments*—These adjustments are not related to continuing operations. By excluding these items, management believes that MFFO provides supplemental information related to sustainable operations that will be more comparable between other reporting periods and to other real estate operators.
- *Adjustment for losses related to the vesting of Class B units issued in connection with asset management services provided*—Similar to extraordinary items excluded from FFO, this adjustment is nonrecurring and contingent on several factors outside of our control. Furthermore, the expense recognized in 2014 is a cumulative amount related to compensation for asset management services provided since October 1, 2012 and does not relate entirely to the current period in which such loss is recognized. Finally, this expense is a non-cash expense and is not related to our ongoing operating performance.

Neither FFO nor MFFO should be considered as an alternative to net income (loss) or income (loss) from continuing operations under GAAP, nor as an indication of our liquidity, nor is either of these measures indicative of funds available to fund our cash needs, including our ability to fund distributions. MFFO may not be a useful measure of the impact of long-term operating performance on value if we do not continue to operate our business plan in the manner currently contemplated.

Accordingly, FFO and MFFO should be reviewed in connection with other GAAP measurements. FFO and MFFO should not be viewed as more prominent measures of performance than our net income or cash flows from operations prepared in accordance with GAAP. Our FFO and MFFO, as presented, may not be comparable to amounts calculated by other REITs.

The following section presents our calculation of FFO and MFFO and provides additional information related to our operations.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financials

(in 000s except for per share amounts)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2016	2015 ⁽¹⁾	2014
Calculation of FFO			
Net income (loss) attributable to stockholders	\$ 8,932	\$ 13,360	\$ (22,635)
Adjustments:			
Depreciation and amortization of real estate assets	106,095	101,479	79,160
Gain on sale of property	(4,732)	—	(12)
Noncontrolling interest	(1,513)	(1,482)	—
FFO attributable to common stockholders	<u>\$ 108,782</u>	<u>\$ 113,357</u>	<u>\$ 56,513</u>
Calculation of MFFO			
FFO attributable to common stockholders	\$ 108,782	\$ 113,357	\$ 56,513
Adjustments:			
Vesting of Class B units for asset management services	—	—	27,853
Acquisition expenses	5,803	5,404	17,430
Write-off of unamortized deferred financing fees	(63)	2,095	—
Net amortization of above- and below-market leases	(1,208)	(821)	85
Straight-line rental income	(3,512)	(4,571)	(4,303)
Amortization of market debt adjustment	(2,054)	(2,685)	(2,480)
Change in fair value of derivatives	(1,510)	(118)	(546)
Noncontrolling interest	18	10	—
MFFO attributable to common stockholders	<u>\$ 106,256</u>	<u>\$ 112,671</u>	<u>\$ 94,552</u>
Earnings per common share:			
Weighted-average common shares outstanding - basic	183,876	183,678	179,280
Weighted-average common shares outstanding - diluted	186,665	186,394	179,280
Net income (loss) per share - basic and diluted	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.07	\$ (0.13)
FFO per share - basic	0.59	0.62	0.32
FFO per share - diluted	0.58	0.61	0.32
MFFO per share - basic	0.58	0.61	0.53
MFFO per share - diluted	0.57	0.60	0.53

⁽¹⁾Certain prior period amounts have been restated to conform with current year presentation.

